

# Changing geopolitical landscape - economic implications for CESEE

Session 2
A longer-term view – potential structural changes ahead

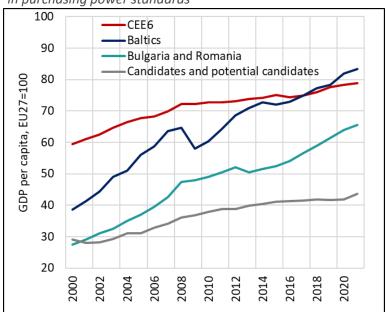
Boris Vujčić, Governor Frankfurt am Main, 17 July 2023

9th ECB conference on central, eastern and south-eastern European (CESEE) countries

## High level of convergence is achieved but the prospects for continued catching-up are uncertain

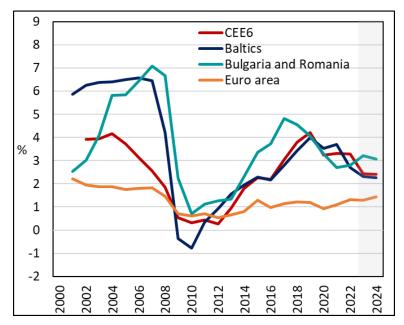
#### **GDP** per capita of the CESEE region

in purchasing power standards



Note: CEE6 include: Croatia, Czechia, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia and Slovenia. Source: Eurostat

### Potential GDP growth of the CESEE region



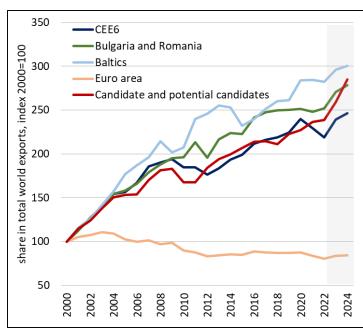
Note: CEE6 include: Croatia, Czechia, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia and Slovenia. Source: AMECO

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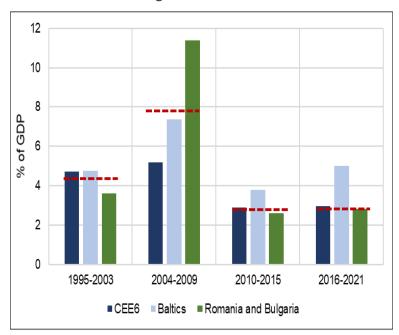
## Gains from external trade and FDI are largely exhausted requiring new sources of growth

### **Export market shares**



Source: AMECO

### **FDI** inflows in **CESEE** region



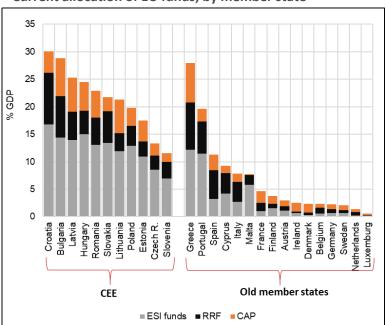
Source: IMF, Eurostat

Note: Dotted line represent the average for all observed countries.

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### The relative importance of EU funds will also decrease over time

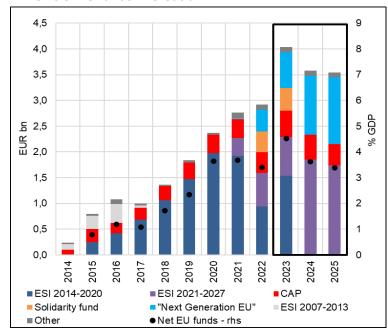
#### Current allocation of EU funds, by member state



Note: CAP = Common Agricultural Policy; ESI = European Structural and Investment funds; RRF = Recovery and Resiliance Facility (main part of NextGenerationEU. Regular allocations are for 2021-2027, whereas NextGenEU expires in 2026.

Source: European Commission

#### Inflows of EU funds in Croatia



Note: CAP = Common Agricultural Policy; ESI = European Structural and Investment funds. Source: CNB

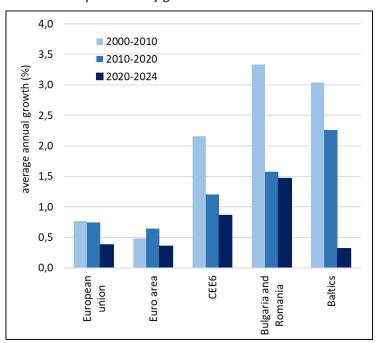
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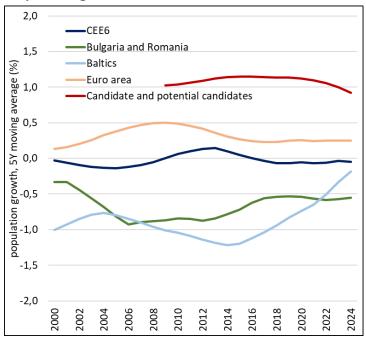
### Decelerating TFP growth is coupled with unfavourable demographic trends and diminishing efficiency of capital

### Total factor productivity growth

Source: AMECO



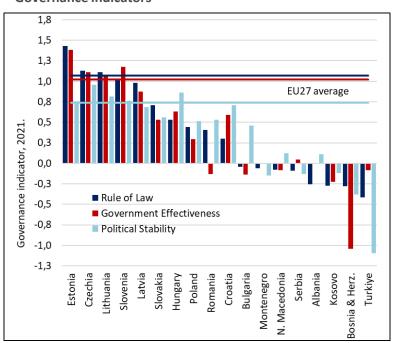
### **Population growth**



Source: AMECO

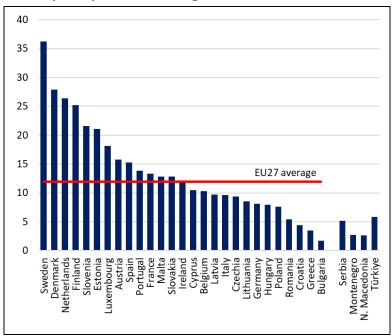
### Significant scope for improvement in the quality of institutions and labour force

#### **Governance indicators**



Source: World Bank

### Adult participation in learning



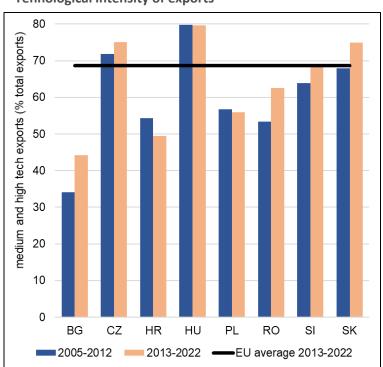
Note: The indicator measures the share of people aged 25 to 64 who stated that they received formal or non-formal education and training in the four weeks preceding the survey.

Source: Eurostat

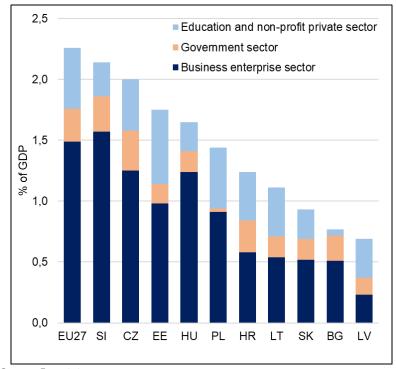
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### Technology, innovations and R&D provide opportunities for continued convergence

### **Tehnological intensity of exports**



### Expenditure on research and development, 2021.



Source: Eurostat

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### Thank you for your attention!

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